Whereas, the federal government exercises jurisdiction over the nation’s navigable rivers and their tributaries through passage of the flood control act of nineteen hundred and thirty-six and various other acts amendatory thereto; and

Whereas, these acts provide for construction by the United States of dams for flood control and, where feasible, in addition to flood control for storage of water to be used for irrigation, recreation or hydroelectric power or for any of these purposes; and

Whereas, the Connecticut is an interstate river and control of major floods on it can be obtained only by the construction of dams by the United States under authorization of the above mentioned acts; and

Whereas, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the States of Connecticut, New Hampshire and Vermont recognize that it is in the interest of their general welfare that the United States construct in the Connecticut River Valley a comprehensive system of local protection works and dams and reservoirs to control floods and prevent loss of life and property, the disruption of orderly processes and the impairment of commerce between the aforesaid states; and

Whereas, the United States has constructed dikes, flood walls and other local protection works at Hartford and East Hartford in the State of Connecticut and at Springfield, Riverdale, West Springfield, Chicopee, Northampton, Holyoke and Springfield, in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and dams and reservoirs for the storage of flood waters at Knightville, Birch Hill and Tully in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, at Surry Mountain in the State of New Hampshire and at Union Village in the State of Vermont and has reached agreements with the state wherein located for construction of dams and reservoirs for the storage of flood waters at Barre Falls in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and at Ball Mountain and at Townshend in the State of Vermont; and

Whereas, the Congress has at various times authorized construction by the United States of other dams and reservoirs for the storage of flood waters in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and in the States of New Hampshire and Vermont and has more recently instructed the corps of engineers to determine what additional local protection works and dams and reservoirs are required for a comprehensive system to control floods in the Connecticut River and its tributaries; and

Whereas, it is believed that such a comprehensive flood control system should include dams and reservoirs controlling flood run-off from approximately twenty-five (25) per cent of the total drainage area of the Connecticut River above Hartford, Connecticut, and strategically located in reference to characteristics of tributaries and to damage centers; and
Whereas, construction by the United States of additional dams and reservoirs in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and in the States of New Hampshire and Vermont, to complete such a comprehensive flood control system, will remove from the tax rolls of local governments of those states such property as is acquired by the United States and may work other hardships against the people of Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont; and

Whereas, it is highly desirable that any flood control dam and reservoir constructed by the United States in the Connecticut River Valley have the approval of the state wherein it is located and that states benefiting from construction of such dam and reservoir make reimbursement for such loss of taxes and for such hardships; and

Whereas, a comprehensive system for the prevention of destructive floods and for water resources utilization in the Connecticut River Valley can best be accomplished by cooperation between the several states in the valley and by and through a common and joint agency of said several states;

Now, therefore, the said Commonwealth of Massachusetts and States of Connecticut, New Hampshire and Vermont do hereby enter into the following compact to-wit:

**Article I**

The principal purposes of this compact are: (a) to promote interstate comity among and between the signatory states; (b) to assure adequate storage capacity for impounding the waters of the Connecticut River and its tributaries for the protection of life and property from floods; (c) to provide a joint or common agency through which the signatory states, while promoting, protecting and preserving to each the local interest and sovereignty of the respective signatory states, may more effectively cooperate in accomplishing the object of flood control and water resources utilization in the basin of the Connecticut River and its tributaries.

**Article II**

There is hereby created “The Connecticut River Valley Flood Control Commission”, hereinafter referred to as the “commission”, which shall consist of twelve members, three of whom shall be residents of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; three of whom shall be residents of the State of Connecticut; three of whom shall be residents of the State of New Hampshire; and three of whom shall be residents of the State of Vermont.

The members of the commission shall be chosen by their respective states in such manner and for such term as may be fixed and determined from time to time by the law of each of said states respectively by which they are appointed. A member of the commission may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the law of the state for which he shall be appointed, and any vacancy occurring in the commission shall be filled in accordance with the laws of the state wherein such vacancy exists.

A majority of the members from each state shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, the exercise of any of its powers or the performance of any of its duties, but
no action of the commission shall be binding unless at least two of the members from each state shall vote in favor thereof.

The compensation of members of the commission shall be fixed, determined, and paid by the state which they respectively represent. All necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties shall be paid from the funds of the commission.

The commission shall elect from its members a chairman, vice-chairman, clerk and treasurer. Such treasurer shall furnish to the commission, at its expense, a bond with corporate surety, to be approved by the commission, in such amount as the commission may determine, conditions for the faithful performance of his duties.

The commission shall adopt suitable by-laws and shall make such rules and regulations as it may deem advisable not inconsistent with laws of the United States, of the signatory states or with any rules or regulations lawfully promulgated thereunder.

The commission shall make an annual report to the governor and legislature of each of the signatory states, setting forth in detail the operations and transactions conducted by it pursuant to this compact.

The commission shall keep a record of all its meetings and proceedings, contract and accounts, and shall maintain a suitable office, where its maps, plans, documents, records and accounts shall be kept, subject to public inspection at such times and under such regulations as the commission shall determine.

Article III

The commission shall constitute a body, both corporate and politic with full power and authority: (1) to sue and be sued; (2) to have a seal and alter the same at pleasure; (3) to appoint and employ such agents and employees as may be required in the proper performance of the duties hereby committed to it and to fix and determine their qualifications, duties and compensation; (4) to enter into such contracts and agreements and to do and perform any and all other acts, matters and things as may be necessary and essential to the full and complete performance of the powers and duties hereby committed to and imposed upon it and as may be incidental thereto; (5) to have such additional powers and duties as may hereafter be delegated to or imposed upon it from time to time by the action of the legislature of any of said states, concurred in by the legislatures of the other states and by the Congress of the United States.

The commission shall make, or cause to be made, such studies as it may deem necessary, in cooperation with the corps of engineers and other federal agencies, for the development of a comprehensive plan for flood control and for utilization of the water resources of the Connecticut River Valley.

The commission shall not pledge the credit of the signatory states or any of them.

Article IV
The signatory state wherein is located the site of each of the following dams and reservoirs agrees to the construction by the United States of each such dam and reservoir in accordance with authorization by the Congress:

In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, (1) At Barre Falls on the Ware River controlling a drainage area of approximately fifty-seven (57) square miles and providing flood storage of approximately eight (8) inches of run-off from said drainage area.

In the State of Vermont, (1) at West Townshend on the West River controlling a net drainage area of approximately one hundred six (106) square miles and providing flood control storage of approximately six (6) inches of run-off from said drainage area.

(2) At Ball Mountain on the West River controlling a net drainage area of approximately one hundred thirty-two (132) square miles and providing flood control storage of approximately six (6) inches of run-off from said drainage area.

(3) At North Hartland on the Ottauquechee River controlling a drainage area of approximately two hundred twenty-two (222) square miles and providing flood control storage for approximately six (6) inches of run-off from said drainage area.

(4) At Groton Pond on the Wells River controlling a drainage area of approximately seventeen and three tenths (17.3) square miles and providing flood control storage for approximately eight (8) inches of run-off from said drainage area.

(5) At Victory on the Moose River controlling a drainage area of approximately sixty-six (66) square miles and providing flood control storage for approximately seven (7) inches of run-off from said drainage area.

(6) In Bloomfield on the Nulhegan River controlling a drainage area of approximately seventy (70) square miles and providing flood control storage for approximately nine (9) inches of run-off from said drainage area.

In the State of New Hampshire, (1) At South Keene on the Otter Brook, tributary of the Ashuelot River, controlling a drainage area of approximately forty-seven (47) square miles and providing flood control storage for approximately seven (7) inches of run-off from said drainage area.

(2) At Walpole on the Cold River controlling a drainage area of approximately one hundred one (101) square miles and providing flood control storage for approximately eight (8) inches of run-off from said drainage area.

(3) At Bethlehem Junction on the Ammonoosuc River controlling a drainage area of approximately ninety (90) square miles and providing flood control storage for approximately six (6) inches of run-off from said drainage area.

(4) At Franconia on the Ammonoosuc River controlling a drainage area of approximately thirty (3) square miles and providing flood control storage for approximately eight (8) inches of run-off from said drainage area.
(5) At Swiftwater on the Wild Ammonoosuc River controlling a drainage area of approximately fifty-seven (57) square miles and providing flood control storage for approximately ten (1) inches of run-off from said drainage area.

**Article V**

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts agrees to reimburse the State of New Hampshire fifty (50) percent and the State of Vermont fifty (50) percent of the amount of taxes lost to their political subdivisions by reason of ownership by the United States of lands, rights or other property therein for the flood control dams and reservoirs at Surry Mountain in New Hampshire and at Union Village in Vermont.

The State of Connecticut agrees to reimburse the Commonwealth of Massachusetts forty (40) percent, the State of New Hampshire forty (40) percent and the State of Vermont forty (40) percent of the amount of taxes lost to their political subdivisions by reason of ownership by the United States of lands, rights or other property therein for the flood control dams and reservoirs at Tully, at Knightville and at Birch Hill in Massachusetts, at Surry Mountain in New Hampshire and at Union Village in Vermont.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts agrees to reimburse the State of New Hampshire fifty (50) percent and the State of Vermont fifty (50) percent of the amount of taxes lost to their political subdivisions by reason of acquisition and ownership by the United States of lands, rights or other property therein for construction in the future of any flood control dam and reservoir specified in Article IV and also for any other flood control dam and reservoir hereafter constructed by the United States in the Connecticut River Valley.

The State of Connecticut agrees to reimburse the Commonwealth of Massachusetts forty (40) percent, the State of New Hampshire forty (40) percent and the State of Vermont forty (40) percent of the amount of taxes lost to their political subdivisions by reason of acquisition and ownership by the United States of lands, rights or other property therein for construction in the future of any flood control dam and reservoir specified in Article IV and also for any other flood control dam and reservoir hereafter constructed by the United States in the Connecticut River Valley.

Annually, not later than November first of each year, the commission shall determine the loss of taxes resulting to political subdivisions of each signatory state by reason of acquisition and ownership therein by the United States of lands, rights or other property in connection with each flood control dam and reservoir for which provision for tax reimbursement has been made in the four paragraphs next above. Such losses of taxes as determined by the commission shall be based on the tax rate then current in each such political subdivision and on the average assessed valuation for a period of five years prior to the acquisition by the United States of such property, provided that whenever a political subdivision wherein a flood control dam and reservoir or portion thereof is located shall have made a general revaluation of property subject to the annual municipal taxes of such subdivision, the commission may use such revaluation for the purpose of determining the amount of taxes for which reimbursement shall be made. Using the percentage of payment agreed to in said four paragraphs, the commission shall then
compute the sum, if any, due from each signatory state to each other signatory state and shall send a notice to the treasurer of each signatory state setting forth in detail the sums, if any, each is to pay to and to receive from each other signatory state in reimbursement of tax losses.

Each signatory state on receipt of formal notification from the commission of the sum which it is to pay in reimbursement for tax losses shall, not later than July first of the following year, make its payment for such tax losses to the signatory state wherein such loss or losses occur, except that in case of the first annual payment for tax losses at any dam or reservoir such payment shall be made by payor states not later than July first of the year in which the next regular session of its legislature is held.

Payment by a signatory state of its share of reimbursement for taxes in accordance with formal notification received from the commission shall be a complete and final discharge of all liability by the payor state to the payee state for each flood control dam and reservoir within the payee state for the time specified in such formal notification. Each payee signatory state shall have full responsibility for distributing or expending all such sums received, and no agency or political subdivision shall have any claim against any signatory state other than the payee state, nor against the commission relative to tax losses covered by such payments.

Whenever a state which makes reimbursement for tax losses and a state which receives such reimbursement from it shall agree, through the commission, on a lump sum payment in lieu of annual payments and such lump sum payment has been made and received, the requirement that the commission annually shall determine the tax losses, compute sums due from each state and send notice thereof to the treasurer of each state shall no longer apply to the aforesaid states with respect to any flood control dam and reservoir for which lump sum payment has been made and received.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the State of Connecticut each agrees to pay its respective share in reimbursement, as determined by the commission under the procedure following, for economic losses and damages occurring by reason of ownership of property by the United States for construction and operation of a flood control dam and reservoir at any site specified in Article IV, and for any other flood control dam and reservoir constructed hereafter by the United States in the Connecticut River Valley, provided, however, that no reimbursement shall be made for speculative losses and damages or losses or damages for which the United States is liable.

On receipt of information from the chief of engineers that request is to be made for funds for the purpose of preparing detailed plans and specifications for any flood control dam and reservoir proposed to be constructed in the Connecticut River Valley, including those specified in Article IV, the commission shall make an estimate of the amount of taxes which would be lost to and of economic losses and damages which would occur in political subdivisions of the signatory state wherein such dam and reservoir would be located, wholly or in part, by reason of acquisition and ownership by the United States of lands, rights or other property for the construction and operation of such flood control dam and reservoir and shall decide whether the flood control benefits to be derived in the signatory states from such flood control dam and reservoir, both by itself and as a unit of a comprehensive flood control plan, justifies, in the opinion of the commission, the
assumption by signatory states of the obligation to make reimbursement for loss of taxes
and for economic losses and damages. Such estimate and decision shall thereafter be
reviewed by the commission at five-year intervals until such time as the United States
shall have acquired title to the site of such flood control dam or plans for its construction
are abandoned. The commission shall notify the governor, the members of the United
States Senate and the members of the United States House of Representatives from each
signatory state and the chief of engineers as to the commission’s decision and as to any
change in such decision.

On receipt of information from the chief of engineers that any flood control dam and
reservoir is to be constructed, reconstructed, altered or used for any purpose in addition to
flood control, including those flood control dams and reservoirs heretofore constructed
and those specified in Article IV, the commission shall make a separate estimate of the
amount of taxes which would be lost and of economic losses and damages which
would occur in political subdivisions of the signatory state wherein such dam and
reservoir would be located, wholly or in part, by reason of acquisition and ownership by
the United States of lands, rights or other property for the construction and operation of
such dam and reservoir in excess of the estimated amount of taxes which would be lost
and of the economic losses and damages which would occur if the dam were constructed
and operated for flood control only and the commission shall decide the extent to which,
in its opinion, the signatory states would be justified in making reimbursement for loss of
taxes and for economic losses and damages in addition to reimbursement for such dam
and reservoir if constructed and used for flood control only. Such estimate and decision
shall thereafter be reviewed by the commission at five-year intervals until such time as
such dam and reservoir shall be so constructed, reconstructed, altered or used or plans for
such construction, reconstruction, alteration or use are abandoned. The commission shall
notify the governor, the members of the United States Senate and the members of the
United States House of Representatives from each signatory state as to the commission’s
decision and as to any change in such decision.

Within thirty days after acquisition by the United States of the site of any flood control
dam the commission shall proceed to make a final determination of economic losses and
damages occasioned by such dam and reservoir. The commission shall not include in
such determination either speculative losses and damages or losses and damages for
which the United States is liable.
The commission shall compute the share the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the
State of Connecticut shall each pay to the state wherein such dam and reservoir is located
by multiplying the sum of such losses and damages, as previously determined, by the
percentage of flood control benefits which the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the
State of Connecticut each receives, in the allocation by states, of the flood control
benefits resulting from the dam and reservoir.

The commission shall send a notice to the treasurer of the Commonwealth of
Massachusetts and to the treasurer of the State of Connecticut setting forth in detail the
sum, if any, each is to pay to the state wherein such dam and reservoir is located in
reimbursement for economic losses and damages and shall also send such notice to the
treasurer of the state wherein such dam and reservoir is located.
The Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the State of Connecticut on receipt of such formal notification by the commission shall each pay its share of such economic losses or damages to the signatory states wherein such losses or damages occur. Full payment by either state of the sum specified in such formal notification from the commission as to the amount of economic losses and damages for which such states is to make reimbursement shall be a complete and final discharge of all liability by the payer state to the payee state for economic losses and damages for each flood control dam and reservoir within the payee state designated in such formal notification. Each payee signatory state shall have full responsibility for distributing or expending all such sums received and no agency, political subdivision, private person, partnership, firm, association or corporation shall have any claim against any signatory state other than the payee state, nor against the commission relative to such economic losses and damages.

A signatory state may, in agreement with the commission and the chief of engineers, acquire title or option to acquire title to any or all lands, rights or other property required for any flood control dam and reservoir within its boundaries and transfer such titles or options to the United States. Whenever the fair cost to said signatory state for such titles or options, as determined by the commission, is greater then the amount received therefor from the United States, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the State of Connecticut shall each pay its share of such excess cost to said signatory state, such share to be determined by the commission in accordance with procedure herein contained for determining reimbursement for economic losses and damages.

Whenever the commission shall not agree, within a reasonable time or within sixty days after a formal request from the governor of any signatory state, concerning reimbursement for loss of taxes or for economic losses and damages at any flood control dam and reservoir heretofore or hereafter constructed by the United States in the Connecticut River Valley, or concerning the extent, if any, to which reimbursement shall be made for additional loss of taxes and for additional economic losses and damages caused by construction, reconstruction, alteration or use of any such dam for purposes other than flood control, the governor of each signatory state shall designate a person from his state as a member of a board of arbitration, hereinafter called the board, and the members so designated shall choose one additional member who shall be chairman of such board. Whenever the members appointed by the governors to such board shall not agree within sixty days on such additional member of the board, the governors of such signatory states shall jointly designate the additional member. The board shall by majority vote decide the question referred to it and shall do so in accordance with the provisions of this compact concerning such reimbursement. The decision of the board on each question referred to it concerning reimbursement for loss of taxes and for economic losses and damages shall be binding on the commission and on each signatory state, notwithstanding any other provision of this compact.

**Article VI**

Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed as a limitation upon the authority of the United States.
Article VII

The signatory states agree to appropriate for compensation of agents and employees of the commission and for office, administrative, travel and other expenses on recommendation of the commission subject to limitations as follows: The Commonwealth of Massachusetts obligates itself to not more than seventy-five hundred ($7500) dollars in any one year, the State of New Hampshire obligates itself to not more than one thousand ($1000) dollars in any one year, the State of Vermont obligates itself to not more than one thousand ($1000) dollars in any one year and the State of Connecticut obligates itself to not more than sixty-five hundred ($6500) dollars in any one year.

Article VIII

Should any part of this compact be held to be contrary to the constitution of any signatory state or of the United States, all other parts thereof shall continue to be in full force and effect.

Article IX

This compact shall become operative and effective when ratified by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the States of New Hampshire, Vermont and Connecticut and approved by the Congress of the United States. Notice of ratification shall be given by the governor of each state to the governors of the other states and to the President of the United States, and the President of the United States is requested to give notice to the governors of each of the signatory states of approval by the Congress of the United States.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this compact has been executed by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts on the 8th day of September A.D. 1953, by its commissioners thereunto lawfully authorized, and by the State of Connecticut on the 8th day of September A.D. 1953, by its commissioners thereunto lawfully authorized; and by the State of New Hampshire on the 8th day of September A.D. 1953, by its commissioners thereunto lawfully authorized; and by the State of Vermont on the 8th day of September A.D. 1953, by its commissioners thereunto lawfully authorized.

For the State of Connecticut
/s/ Irving Christensen
/s/ William Putnam
/s/ Sanford H. Wadhams
Commissioners

For the Commonwealth of Massachusetts,
/s/ Rodolphe G. Bessette
/s/ Clarence I. Sterling, Jr.
/s/ Nathan Tufts
Commissioners
For the State of New Hampshire,
/s/ Wakefield Dort
/s/ Myron D. Hart
/s/ Walter G. White
Commissioners

For the State of Vermont,
/s/ Neal W. Beattie
/s/ Hardy Merrill
/s/ Alban J. Parker
Commissioners
BY-LAWS

THE CONNECTICUT RIVER VALLEY FLOOD CONTROL COMMISSION

Following are the By-laws adopted at the quarterly meeting of the Commission, held at Keene, New Hampshire, June 25, 1954:

The Seal of the Commission:

The seal of the Commission shall be of circular design with the words “Connecticut River Valley Flood Control Commission” circumscribed on the outer border; the words “September 8, 1953” at the bottom of the inner border and a representation of a flood control dam occupying the center space.

Officers:

Chairman – The Chairman shall preside at all meetings and hearings held by the Commission. He shall have general supervision over the business and affairs of the Commission.

Vice-Chairman – The Vice-Chairman shall perform the duties of the Chairman in the event the office of Chairman is vacant, or in the event that the Chairman is unable to perform his duties because of illness, other disability, or absence.

Treasurer – The Treasurer shall have custody of all funds of the Commission under the supervision of the Commissioners. He shall prepare the annual financial report of the Commission and such other financial statements or reports as the Commission may desire. The annual report of the Treasurer shall be presented to the Commission at the first quarterly meeting of the next fiscal year.

Clerk – The Clerk shall be the official keeper of the seal and of the records of the Commission. He shall certify to copies of the Records when such certification is necessary or required. When authorized by the Commission, the Clerk may designate the office of the Commission as the place where he has custody of the seal and records.

Office:

The office of the Commission shall be located in the city of Keene, NH.

Fiscal Year:

The fiscal year of the Commission shall end June 30th.

Meetings:

The election of officers shall be held at the first quarterly meeting of each year. Regular quarterly meetings of the Commission shall be held in the office of the Commission except as the Commission by vote may determine to hold them elsewhere. The time of the quarterly meetings shall be fixed by vote of the Commission.

The Chairman or, in his absence or disability, the Vice-Chairman, may call special meetings of the Commission and shall call a special meeting at the written request of three members.

These By-laws may be amended at any meeting, quarterly or special, provided that written notice of the proposed amendments has been given each of the Commissioners not less than five days before the date of such meeting. These By-laws may be amended without prior notice by unanimous vote of the Commission at any meeting at which a quorum is present.

Quorum:

A quorum shall consist of not less than two members from each of the Compact states.

No action shall be binding unless a majority of the members from each state shall have voted in favor thereof.

In witness whereof, the members, representing their respective states, have approved these by-laws in accordance with the vote of the meeting as held.
AMENDMENTS TO BY-LAWS

April 1975 – By action of this Commission, subsequent to a notice of the proper and appropriate content dated April 4, 1975, now in session at its meeting of April 18, 1975, at which a quorum was present and voting, the following amendment, moved and seconded, to the by-laws as printed on page 20 of the Compact, is approved and made a part of the record.

In the event of the inability of a member to attend either a regular or special meeting any member, but not more than two members of the Commission of any one of the four signatory states, may in writing sign a voting assignment or proxy which must be received and made available at the office of the Commission 24 hours prior to the time of the meeting.

The form of proxy shall be: “I, ___________, a member of the Connecticut River Valley Flood Control Commission, affix my signature and declare my intention to have this signed and dated proxy voted in my absence by ________________ of the State of ______________ providing that the other members or member from my state are present.”

October 5, 1979 – Regular quarterly meeting with a quorum present and voting, the form of proxy was changed to read “Being unable to attend, my signature authorizes the use of this card as my proxy to be voted by another member of my state of ____________.

Signature________________

March 28, 1980 – Regular quarterly meeting with a quorum present by virtue of proxy, the by-laws were amended to read: “The principle office of the Commission shall be located within the Connecticut River Valley.”